Claims

[c1] 1. A search engine, comprising:

a controller including a hash function able to receive an input search value and to create there from at least one hash address which is smaller in size than said input search value;

a hash pointer unit able to store a plurality of pointer values, wherein respective said pointer values are addressed based on said hash addresses;

a memory suitable for storing a database of search results, wherein respective said search results are addressed based on said pointer values; an address bus operationally connecting said controller to said hash pointer unit and able to communicate said hash addresses from said controller to said hash pointer unit;

a pointer bus operationally connecting said hash pointer unit to said memory and able to communicate said pointer value from said hash pointer unit to said memory; and

a result bus operationally connecting said memory to said controller and able to communicate said search result from said memory to said controller, thereby permitting the search engine to function in a multi-way set-associative manner wherein the size of said memory is not a function of the degree of multi-way set-associativity.

- [c2] 2. The search engine of claim 1, wherein said pointer values are equal or smaller in size than said hash address.
- [c3] 3. The search engine of claim 1, wherein said search results each include a stored search value and an associate value, thereby permitting said controller to compare instances of said input search value with said stored search value to determine whether a hash collision has occurred and when said associate value is trustworthy.
- [c4] 4. The search engine of claim 3, wherein said hash function generates a hash value and said controller creates said hash address based on said hash value and an offset value.



[c5] 5. A search engine, comprising:

controller means for controlling the search engine, said controller means including hash means for receiving an input search value and creating there from at least one hash address which is smaller in size than said input search value;

hash pointerizing means for storing a plurality of pointer values, wherein respective said pointer values are addressed based on said hash addresses;

memory means for storing a database of search results, wherein respective said search results are addressed based on said pointer values; address bus means for operationally connecting said controller to said hash pointer unit and for communicating said hash addresses from said controller to said hash pointer unit;

pointer bus means for operationally connecting said hash pointer unit to said memory and for communicating said pointer value from said hash pointer unit to said memory; and

result bus means for operationally connecting said memory to said controller and for communicating said search result from said memory to said controller, thereby permitting the search engine to function in a multi-way set-associative manner wherein the size of said memory is not a function of the degree of multi-way set-associativity.

- [c6] 6. The search engine of claim 5, wherein said pointer values are equal or smaller in size than said hash address.
- [c7] 7. The search engine of claim 5, wherein said search results each include a stored search value and an associate value, thereby permitting said controller means to compare instances of said input search value with said stored search value to determine whether a hash collision has occurred and when said associate value is trustworthy.
- [c8] 8. The search engine of claim 7, wherein said hash means is further for generating a hash value and said controller means is further for creating said hash address based on said hash value and an offset value.





- [c9]
- 9. A method for searching a database of search results, wherein the search results each include a stored search value, the method comprising the steps of:
 - (a) generating a hash value from an input search value, wherein said hash value is smaller in size than said input search value;
 - (b) creating a plurality of hash addresses based on said hash value and respective offset values;
 - (c) retrieving pointer values from a pre-stored plurality of said pointer values based on said hash addresses;
 - (d) retrieving instances of the search results from the database based on said pointer values; and
 - (e) comparing said input search value and said stored search values in said instances of the search results retrieved in said step (d) to determine whether a respective hash collision has occurred, wherein a presumably usable said instance of the search results is one wherein a hash collision has not occurred, thereby searching the database in a multi-way set-associative manner wherein the size of the database is not a function of the degree of multi-way set-associativity.
- [c10]
- 10. The method of claim 9, wherein said pointer values are equal or smaller in size than said hash address.
- [c11]
- 11. The method of claim 9, wherein the search results each include a stored search value and an associate value, and the method further comprising:
 - (f) selecting a usable said associate value, if any, as being that from said usable said instance of the search results.